TABLE 3. Estimated Calorie Requirements (in Kilocalories) for Each Gender and Age Group at Three Levels of Physical Activity^a

Estimated amounts of calories needed to maintain energy balance for various gender and age groups at three different levels of physical activity. The estimates are rounded to the nearest 200 calories and were determined using the Institute of Medicine equation.

		Activity Level ^{b,c,d}		
Gender	Age (years)	Sedentary ^b	Moderately Active ^c	Active ^d
Child	2–3	1,000	1,000-1,400 ^e	1,000-1,400 ^e
Female	4–8	1,200	1,400-1,600	1,400-1,800
	9–13	1,600	1,600–2,000	1,800-2,200
	14–18	1,800	2,000	2,400
	19–30	2,000	2,000–2,200	2,400
	31–50	1,800	2,000	2,200
	51+	1,600	1,800	2,000–2,200
Male	4–8	1,400	1,400-1,600	1,600-2,000
	9–13	1,800	1,800–2,200	2,000–2,600
	14–18	2,200	2,400-2,800	2,800–3,200
	19–30	2,400	2,600-2,800	3,000
	31–50	2,200	2,400–2,600	2,800-3,000
	51+	2,000	2,200–2,400	2,400–2,800

^a These levels are based on Estimated Energy Requirements (EER) from the Institute of Medicine Dietary Reference Intakes macronutrients report, 2002, calculated by gender, age, and activity level for reference-sized individuals. "Reference size," as determined by IOM, is based on median height and weight for ages up to age 18 years of age and median height and weight for that height to give a BMI of 21.5 for adult females and 22.5 for adult males.

b Sedentary means a lifestyle that includes only the light physical activity associated with typical day-to-day life.

C Moderately active means a lifestyle that includes physical activity equivalent to walking about 1.5 to 3 miles per day at 3 to 4 miles per hour, in addition to the light physical activity associated with typical day-to-day life

d Active means a lifestyle that includes physical activity equivalent to walking more than 3 miles per day at 3 to 4 miles per hour, in addition to the light physical activity associated with typical day-to-

^e The calorie ranges shown are to accommodate needs of different ages within the group. For children and adolescents, more calories are needed at older ages. For adults, fewer calories are needed at older ages.